THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1863. NO. 214.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to THE DAILY PROGRESS:

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DAILY PROGRESS.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1863.

ALMANAC FOR LAST OF JULY AND FIRST OF AUGUST.

		Sun Rises. H. M.	Sun Sets. H. M.
26.	Sunday	5 0	7 0
27.	Monday	5 1	6 59
28.	Tuesday	5 2	6 58
29.	Wednesday—Moon 13 days old	5 3	6 57
30.	Thursday—Wm. Penn died 1718	5 4	6 56
31.	Friday—Day's length 13 h., 52 m.	5 4	6 56
August:			
1.	Saturday	5 5	6 55

Full Moon, Thursday, July 30, at 7:50 morning.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Fight at Manassas Gap—The Confederates Repulsed—Grant Joins Meade with 15,000 Men, &c.

RICHMOND, July 28.—The fight heretofore reported, occurred on the 23d, at Manassas Gap. Wright's brigade, commanded by Col. Walker, Third Georgia, approached the Gap, and, finding it guarded by a force of Yankees estimated from six to eight thousand, halted to await reinforcements moving in the same direction. The Yankees, taking advantage of the disparity of numbers, attacked the brigade, and a severe engagement ensued, lasting several hours. The Confederates retired with a loss of two to three hundred killed and wounded; among the latter Col. Walker, wounded in the thigh. The enemy's loss was heavy. Col. Walker arrived here this evening and reports that Grant has joined Meade with fifteen thousand men.

Death of Senator Yancey--Pierre Soule--Impending Battle, &c.

RICHMOND, July 29.—This has been a very quiet day here. The news of the death of Senator Yancey caused profound regret. Those who appreciated his abilities as a statesman sympathised in his devotion to the rights of the States, and his death is regarded as a great public loss at this juncture.

Among the recent arrivals in Richmond, is Hon. Pierre Soule. He is said to be not sanguine of the mediation of the French Emperor, basing his opinion in part on the unpopular movement against Mexico, and the adverse result of the recent elections in France.

The cessation of the exchange of prisoners at City Point deprives us of news by flag of truce boat for the present.

Only a small squad of Yankees have thus far appeared in Stafford County. It is believed the impending battle will take place on the upper Rappahannock. Rains here every day.

Yankees Mean to Protect all Soldiers who Fight under their Flag, Regardless of Color—Exchange of Prisoners Stopped, &c.

RICHMOND, July 28.—The New York *Tribune* asks for an explanation of the course of Gen. Grant in paroling officers who had surrendered. The Rebel Judicial Commissioner of Exchange had been notified that this Government meant to protect all officers and soldiers under its flag, without regard to color, and since the Rebels had persisted in refusing to exchange Col. Speight and officers, under the pretence that they were in command of negro troops, our Government has stopped all exchange. Gen. Neal Dow will start to Mobile to-morrow under guard.

From Mississippi.

MORTON, July 27.—Slight rain falling to-day. No change of consequence in the disposition of troops. All gone to work at entrenching. They bivouc in the piney woods and render themselves comfortable, notwithstanding the surrounding circumstances. But little news comes from Vicksburg and all state the shipment of troops up the River still continues. McPherson's corps and part of the ordnance have already gone.

Our cavalry scouts report no Yankees this side of the Big Black, but there are a considerable number in Osterhaus' old entrenchments opposite Edward's Ferry. The roads have been rendered almost impassable by recent rains.

Morgan and his Men—Yankee Lies.

LYNCHBURG, July 28.—A letter to the *Republican*, dated Camp Stuart, Greenbrier, July 25th, mentions the arrival there of three hundred and fifty of Morgan's men, who crossed near Parkersburg. Officers say they lost about three hundred in battle and none taken prisoners.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

LYNCHBURG, July 28.—Several of Morgan's men have reached here. They crossed the Ohio river a short distance below Parkersburg and captured two hundred home guards and one 12 pounder brass piece. They were with the main command on the 19th, and deny the Yankee report of the capture of one thousand of Morgan's men on that day, and express the confident belief in Morgan's ability to make his escape. Two of the command were drowned in crossing the Ohio.

From Tennessee—Morgan's Whereabouts.

CHATTANOOGA, July 28.—A dispatch to the *Rebel*, from Dublin Depot, Va., dated from Elsworth, Morgan's operater, says a party of three hundred of Morgan's men crossed the Ohio below Parkersburg. Morgan was there but was prevented from crossing by gunboats. He remained on the other shore with a large party of his men. Last news from him says he was near Winchester, Ohio, tearing up the railroad.

All quiet in the army of Tennessee. Nothing from the enemy.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, July 28.—Everything progressing favorably. About twenty-seven vessels of all kinds, including *Ironsides* and monitors, lying below. A few more transports arrived yesterday. Some twenty vessels reported in Stono. A brig had run aground and was being stripped by the Yankees yesterday afternoon. One killed and one wounded at Shell Point battery reported up to this morning. Heavy shelling all day.

Death of Senator Yancey.

MONTGOMERY, July 27.—Hon. W. L. Yancey died at his residence, near this city, to-day, after an illness of four weeks, from the effects of kidney disease.

From Weldon--The Enemy met and driven back..

We are indebted to Gov. Vance for the following dispatch, from which it will be seen that the enemy have been met in their advance on Weldon and driven back:

WELDON, July 29th, 1863.—*Gov. Vance:* A part of Ransoms's Brigade met the enemy in large force, yesterday, p. m., about three miles this side of Jackson, and after an engagement lasting four hours, drove them back. We are pursuing them to-day. Five companies of the 24th alone, engaged them. Our reinforcements come up but were not needed. Our loss two killed; and less than ten wounded, most of them slightly.

[Signed] WM. J. CLARK,
Col. 24th Regiment, N. C. T.

Another Dispatch--Enemy Repulsed.

We are indebted to Gov. Vance for the following dispatch which gives us additional particulars concerning the engagement near Jackson, on Tuesday:

WELDON, July 29.—*Gov. Vance:* Gen. Ransom was attacked by the enemy yesterday, at 4 o'clock, at Boon's Mills, two miles West of Jackson. The fight continued four hours. We had four companies engaged, and our loss was trifling. Gen. Ransom's forces have moved in three columns.

The Enemy Repulsed on the other side of the River.

GOLDSBORO, July 29.—*Gov. Vance:* A dispatch which has passed this office to headquarters at Kinston, tates that our forces met the enemy twelve miles below fort Branch, on yesterday, and after a fight of four hours repulsed them. No particulars are given.

(Signed) JAS. A. BRADFORD.

Fort Branch is at Rainbow Bend, on the North side of Roanoke river, near Hamilton. This makes it certain that the advance on Weldon is being made by two columns.

Dispatch from Gen. Martin.

The following dispatch from Gen. Martin was received here last night.

KINSTON, July 29.—*Gov. Vance:* The Yankees were repulsed below Williamston and returned to Plymouth. They were also repulsed below Weldon and retreated, how far I do not know.

J. G. MARTIN,
Brigadier General.

Latest from Weldon.

We have been permitted to copy the following private dispatch received here by a gentleman last night:

WELDON, July 29.—Reported here that the Yankees have all left, and that we whipped them this morning.

A. S. P.

CRIMINAL NEGLECT AND HEAVY LOSS.—The evacuation of Jackson, Mississippi, left in the hands of the enemy, as we learn from the Memphis *Appeal*, the rolling stock of the "New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern," the "Mississippi Central" and the "Mississippi and Tennessee" Railroads. The motive power, alone, consisted of over forty engines. To have saved this invaluable property, required only the construction of a temporary bridge across Pearl River. Six weeks of time were allowed for this work, which might have been done in six days. What were the railroad and military authorities thinking about? The loss is of incalculable importance, and, in the present condition of things, wholly irreparable.

To the Voters of the Fifth Congressional District.—The emergency calls for the purest and ablest men to serve the country in her Legislative Councils. The well known character of Captain JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin, for patriotism, integrity and wisdom, plainly indicates him as the fittest man in the District to represent us in the next Congress. Captain Davis is now leading his gallant company against the invaders of his country, and does not even dream of his friends entertaining the idea of voting for him for Congress or any other civic position, at this time; but we are confident that he will skrink from no responsibility to which his fellow citizens may call him. Well known and universally respected as he is, Franklin County offers her noble son to the voters of the District in full confidence of his election, on account of his own unpretending merit, and for the good of the country. Patriots, your suffrages are asked for a wise and prudent statesman, and gallant soldier.

July 1-td MANY VOTERS.

Register, Standard, and State Journal copy till election and send bills to this office.

Duplin County, May 25, 1863.—EDITOR OF THE PROGRESS, RALEIGH, N. C.—No wish to add or stir party feelings, but as some friend has suggested sometime since the name of Wm. J. Houston, Esq., as a suitable person to be voted for for Congress in the district now represnted by the Hon. Owen R. Kenan, and as one man should have the same privileges as another, I suggest the name of THOMAS I. FAISON as a suitable person to represent the 3rd Congressional District at the ensuing election. No better or more loyal man than Thomas I Faison, no private man has done more for the Confederacy and the soldiers. Three of his sons have devoted their time and talents in the cause of freedom, and one of them has sealed it with his blood.

MANY VOTERS OF 3d CON. DIST. OF N. C.

May 28-tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS.

AFTER THE 1ST JUNE, OUR HOUSE WILL BE open for the reception of boarders.

RATES OF BOARD.

Board per day,.....$6.00
" " week,.....35,00
" " month,.....100,00
Children under ten, and servants, half price.

BLACKNALL & CO., Proprietors.

P. S.—We cannot send our Omnibus to the 3 o'clock night train. [May 23-tf] B. & CO.

Office of Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.,
RALEIGH, N. C., June 15, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a Dividend of 10 per cent. upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after Monday, 7th of July, 1863.

W. W. VASS,
June 19—t1A Treasurer.

Raleigh, July 17, 1863.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE R. & G. R. R will not receive private freights to be shipped beyond Gaston. The P. R. R. Company having refused to receive the same at that point makes it necessary to give this notice.

July 18-2w* C. B. ALLEN, Agent.

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W L. Pomery, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Harget street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hansen.

Jan 13-tf

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARlotte, N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quality. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address.

J. E. BRITTON,
Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has nsed the ink and can speak for its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.

C. OVERMAN, P. M.,
July 8-tf Charlotte, N. C.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Conscript Office,
CAMP HOLMES, July 25th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 15.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO COLONELS OF Militia and to all concerned that the first paragraph of General Orders, No. 14 issued from this office must not be construed as applying to any person exempted as the owner or overseer of (20) twenty negroes under the Exemption Act, approved October 11th, 1862, as so much of said act as relates to exemptions of owners and overseers of 20 negroes has been repealed by an act approved May 1st, 1863.

To claim exemption as the overseer of 20 negroes, persons must comply with all the conditions of said act hereto annexed.

By order of Col. PETER MALLETT,
Commandant of Conscripts for N. C.
J. W. MALLETT, Adjutant.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION,
Richmond, Va., May 14, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING ACT OF CONGRESS IS PUBlished for the information of all concerned:

An Act to repeal certain clauses of an Act entitled an Act to exempt certain persons from military service, etc., approved 11th October, 1863.

"1. *The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact*, That so much of the act approved October 11th, 1862, as exempts from military service, one person, either as agent, ower or overseer, on each plantation on which one white person is required to be kept by the laws or ordinances of any State, and on which there is no white male adult not liable to military service, and in States having no such law, one person, as agent, owner or overseer on each plantation of twenty negroes, and on which there is no white male adult not liable to military service, and also the following clause of said act, to wit: 'and, furthermore, for additional police for every twenty negroes, on two or more plantations, within five miles of each other, and each having less than twenty negroes and on which there is no white male adult not liable to military duty, one person, being the oldest of the owners or overseers on such plantations,' be and are hereby repealed.

"2. For the police and management of slaves there shall be exempted one person on each farm or plantation, the sole property of a minor, a person of unsound mind, a *feme sole* or a person absent from home in the military or naval service of the Confederacy, on which there are twenty or more slaves: *provided* the person so exempted was employed and acting as an overseer previous to the 16th of April, 1862, and there is no white male adult on said farm or plantation who is not liable to military duty; which fact shall be verified by the affidavits of said person and two respectable citizens, and shall be filed with the enrolling officer: *and provided* the owner of such farm or plantation, this agent or legal representative, shall make affidavit and deliver the same to the enrolling officer, that after dilligent effort no overseer can be procured for such farm or plantation not liable to military duty; *provided further*, that this clause shall not extend to any farm or plantation on which the negroes have been placed by division from any osher farm or plantation, since the 11th day of October, 1862: *provided further*, that for every person exempted as aforesoid, and during the period of such exemption, there shall be paid annually into the public treasury by the owners of such slaves the sum of five hundred dollars.

"3. Such other persons shall be exempted as the President shall be satisfied ought to be exempted, in district of country deprived of white or slave labor indispensable to the production of grain or provisions, necessary for the support of the population remaining at home, and also on account of justice, equity and necessity.

"4. In addition to the State officers exempted by the act of October 11th, 1862, there shall also be exempted all State officers whom the Governor of any State may claim to have exempted for the due administration of the government and laws thereof: but this exemption shall not continue in any State after the adjournment of the next regular session of its Legislature, unless such Legislature shall, by law, exempt them from military duty in the provisional army of the Confederate States.

[Approved May 1, 1863.]

G. J. RAINS.
Brigadier General and Superintendent.

July 27-1w.

☞ Register, Standard, Western Democrat, Fayetteville Observer, Wilmington Journal, Salisbury Watchman, and Ashville News, copy one week with this paragraph.

Conscript Office,
CAMP HOLMES, July 25, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING NOTICE IS HEREBY PUBlished for the information of all concerned.

By order of Col. PETER MALLETT,
Com'dr of Conscripts for N. C.
J. W. MALLETT, Adjt.

NOTICE.

BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION,
Richmond, Va., July 21st, 1863.

To answer numerous inquiries, and to correct errors not uncommon, the following notice is published to all concerned:

I. Under the recent call of the President, extending the conscript age, all substitutions have ceased to be valid if the substitute be less than 45 years old and is not otherwise exempt by law.

II. Membership, unless as an officer duly accepted by the War Department, of local organization for home defence or special service, confers no claim to exemption from Confederate service; neither does service in the militia, unless in case of officers actually in commission who have duly qualified.

III. Hereafter any one furnishing a substitute will become liable in his own person whenever the services of the substitute are lost to the Government from any cause other than the casualties of war.

IV. Applications for exemption, on any ground whatever, must first be addressed to the local enrolling officer, who, if he has not power to act, or is in doubt, will refer them to higher authority, with report of the facts. All such addressed direct to higher authority will necessarily and invariably be referred back for local examinatien and report; and the applicants will thus have uselessly lost time and prolonged suspense.

Appeals against adverse decisions by local officers will be forwarded by them for hearing, when any plausible ground of appeal is set forth.

V. Commandants of Conscripts will give this notice extensive circulation in the local press of their respective States.

G. W. LAY, Lt. Col., A. A. G.,
July 27-1w Acting Chief of Bureau.

Register, Standard, Western Democrat, Fayetteville Observer, Wilmington Journal, Salisbury Watchman and Ashville News, copy until 20th August next with this paragraph.

NOTICE.

N. C. STATE BONDS AND COUPONS.

NOTICE IS HEREY GIVEN THAT THE YANKEE raiders who visited Rocky Mount Depot on the 20th July, 1863, took from the Iron safe of W. W. Parker, the following Bonds, to wit: Bonds, Nos. 448, 449, 450, 451, 452 and 453, of $1,000 each, dated respectively 1st day of January, 1863, and running for 30 years. These were North Carolina State Treasury Bonds, with Coupons, none of which had been collected up to the time of capture. They were made payable to bearer and belong to Wm. E. Pope, of Rocky Mount.

The public generally and all Banks and Brokers are hereby notified and requested not to receive said bonds or either of them, or their Coupons, without my endorsement, in my own hand writing. And the Public Treasurer of the State and his agents. Clerks and employees are hereby forewarned and prohibited from receiving the said Bonds or any part thereof, or paying the Coupons thereto attached. Any information about said Bonds will be thankfully received. WM. E. POPE.

Rockp Mount, July 23rd, 1862. July 24-2w

JUST RECEIVED.

THE IMMORTAL C. M. FARRISS HAS JUST Returned with a splendid assortment of

BLOCKADE GOODS,

with the latest report of London Fashions. Call and see.

LACK & FARRISS,
July 9-tf Merchant Tailors.

CURRY COMBS.

MANUFACTURED by JOLLY & LACK,
March 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

PUBLIC SALE WITHOUT RESERVE OF TEXAS LANDS!

ONE-HALF OF THE

JUSTO LIENDO TRACT.

On the 7th day of August next, at Atlanta, Ga.,

THIS TRACT OF DESIRABLE LANDS, CONTAining one square league, or 4428 acres, less two farms, 800 acres, has been withdrawn from private sale, and will be sold at Auction on the 7th day of August next, at Atlanta, Ga., without reserve.

It is situated in Milan county, Texas, within the TEMPERATE AND SHOWERY BELT OF TEXAS, about 45 miles North-Eastward from the Capital of the State, and about 55 miles Northwestwardly from Brenham, the present terminus of Railroad communication with Galveston and Houston.

The tract is divided in two nearly equal parts by Brushy Creek, (emptying into San Gabriel river,) and comprises an admirable combination of lands for agricultural and pastural pursuits. High and dry post oak lands, filled with fencing materials;

ROLLING PRAIRIE, WITH—

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES commanding a view of the entire tract;

RICH TIMBERED BOTTOM on both sides of the Creek, rising from there to a fine prairie covered with mesquite grass (not the bearded)

UNSURPASSED FOR GRAZING PURPOSES, and which extends uninterruptedly to the banks of the San Gabriel, from 12 to 15 miles distant.

This region of country is not surpassed by any in Texas, in

REGULARITY OF SEASONS,
DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE AND
HEALTH OF THE LOCALITY;

and the tract itself forms one of the best investments for present use or future profit to be found in Texas,

THE LAND OF PROMISE AND OF PEACE.

Terms of Sale—cash, in Confederate Treasuary Notes.

R. M. PARKS & CO.,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta Georgia.
July 28-td

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL A DESIRABLE FARM OF ABOUT 300 acres three miles from Raleigh.

July 24-2w W. R. ANDREWS.

TOBACCO FOR SALE.

200 BOXES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AT Lynchburg prices. W. R. ANDREWS.
July 24-2w

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, IF APPLICATION BE MADE soon, a good and desirable residence in the city, about 150 yards South of the Governor's Palace, on Fayetteville street. For terms, &c., apply to

July 16-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS of selected TOBACCO in the Leaf. Wrappers and Fillers in proper proportion.

PHILLIPS & HOOKER,
June 17-tf Hillsboro', N. C.

RICE FOR SALE.

THE STATE WILL SELL RICE BY THE CASK. Apply to C. H. Thompson, M. S. K. Commissary Department. THOS. D. HOGG,
July 4-tf Captain C. S.

SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

$4,000 WILL BE PAID FOR A SUBSTITUTE over 45 years of age. He must show certificate of good character. Apply to S. L. W.,
July 28-6t* Progress Office.

CURRY COMBS.

200 DOZEN CURRY COMBS FOR SALE AT THE Factory of JOLLY & LACK.
March 24-tf.

SALE OF LAND.

IN OBEDIENCE TO A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity of Wake County and State of North Carolina, in the case of "Ann Eliza Honicutt against Geo W. Thompson, Adm'r, and Sion H. Rogers," made at Spring Term, 1861, and orders from time to time made in said cause, I shall proceed to sell, at the Court House door, on Tuesday of August Term of the County Court, 1863, at 12 M., the House and Lot in the pleadings mentioned and described in the above entitled case. The premises are located in the Southeastern part of the City of Raleigh, now occupied by Mrs. Honicutt and family, and adjoining the lots of Stephen Justice, Mary Saunders and others.—The House has two rooms and in tolerable repair, and there is ground enough for a good garded. I understand this lot always rents well.

The purchaser can give bond and good security, payable twelve months after date, with interest from date, or he can pay *cash*.

R. G. LEWIS, C. M. E.
July 17-td

PIANO FORTE FOR SALE.

A VERY SUPERIOR 6¼ OCTAVO ROSEWOOD Piano Forte, made by Knape & Ghale, of Baltimore, The above Piano has the entire Iron Frame, and is finished all round, having four round corners, a very fine tone and every way a first rate instrument. Enquire of

JAS. PIRSSON,
July 9-tf Harget St., opposite the Fair Grounds.

FOR SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT IN THE CITY OF Raleigh, opposite the residence of A. M. Lewis, Esq., in the Northern part of the city. Apply to

June 25-tf W. R. RICHARDSON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIEDMONT SPRINGS.

BURKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THESE SPRINGS ARE SITUATED IN WESTERN North Carolina, about fifteen miles from Morganton, in a mountainous, beautiful and romantic country. The waters, SULPHUR and CHALYBEATE, are said to be equal to any in the country. Deer, Bear and Pheasants abound in the mountains.

The Company has succeeded in obtaining the services of an experienced gentleman and lady to take charge of the House, and will be ready for the reception of visitors by the 1st of July.

Board, per day.....$ 5
Week.....28
Month.....90

A Hack will leave Morganton on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for the Springs.

☞ One-fourth of this property, with three hundred acres of land attached, would be sold to a person competent to take charge of the property.

June 25-tf PIEDMONT SPRINGS CO.

THE PEOPLE'S FACTORY.

WE ARE NOW IN OPERATION FOR THE BENEfit of the people. We are now manufacturing the Flying Shuttle and Old Fashioned Looms, Spinning Wheels, Bed Steads, &c. In a few days we expect to be manufacturing Shoe Lasts and Pegs. Our foundry is also in operation, and Castings of all kinds will be furnished as far as possible. The farming interests of the country will receive our especial attention. We will pay the highest prices for old castings, which you must bring to us if you desire the supply of new castings to be kept up. We shall soon be prepared to furnish plows of various kinds, by wholesale and retail. Soldiers' wives will be furnished with necessary articles at reduced prices.

SIMPSON & HOOKER,
June 3-tf Hillsboro', N. C.

SNUFF! SNUFF! SNUFF!

LORILLARD'S SNUFF, RAILROAD SNUFF,
Lorrilard's Scotch (Salt) Snuff, Appleby's Railroad (Fresh) Snuff. For sale by A. A. WILLARD,
June 15-3m Greens'boro' N. C.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C.

ADVERTISING.

The following rates will be charged for advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES, OR LESS.

One day	$1 00	One week	$ 6 00
Two days	2 00	Two weeks	12 00
Three days	3 00	Three weeks	18 00
Four days	4 00	One month	24 00
Five days	5 00	Two months	48 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons, and no contracts will be made save in accordance with these terms. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Headquarters Enrolling Office,
FIFTH DISTRICT,
OXFORD, N. C., July 25th, 1863.

IN OBEDIENCE TO GENERAL ORDERS NO. 14, Col. Peter Mallett, Commandant of Conscripts, N. C., Commanding Officers of the several Regiments of Militia in the 5th Congressional District of North Carolina, comprising the counties of Franklin, Nash, Warren, Granville, Wake and Orange, will assemble all white male persons "between 18 and 45 years of age, who have not already received certificates of exemption or detail," at the following times and places, for final enrollment and examination by the Medical Board:

49th Reg't N C Militia, Franklin county, at Louisburg, August 20th.

32d Reg't N C Militia, Nash county, at Nashville, August 22d.

37th Reg't N C Militia, Warren county, at Warrenton, August 24th.

42d Reg't N C Militia, Granville county, at Oxford, August 26th.

43d Reg't N C Militia, Granville county, at Oxford, August 27th.

37th Reg't N C Militia, Wake county, at Raleigh, August 29th and 31st.

29th Reg't N C Militia, Wake county, at Raleigh, September 1st.

118th Reg't N C Militia, Wake county, at Raleigh, September 2d.

45th Reg't N C Militia, Orange county, at Hillsboro', September 4th.

46th Reg't N C Militia, Orange county, at Hillsboro' September 5th and 7th.

A. LANDIS, Jr.,
Enrolling Officer 5th District N. C.

H. W. CAFEEY, Asst. Surg. P. A. C. S.,
W. H. DAVIS, M. D.,
H. C. HERNDON, M. D., } Ex. Bd.
July 29-1w
Standard copy two weeks.

Conscript Office, Camp Holmes, N. C.,
July 23, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 14.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCLAMATION OF the President, issued the 15th inst., Colonels of Militia will, on the 20th day of August, enroll all persons in the bounds of their Regiments, between the ages of 18 and 45, who have not already received certificates of exemption or detail.

Enrolling Officers of North Carolina are directed to make their appointments immediately to visit the Regiments within their Districts, commencing on the 20th day of August.

Notice is hereby given to all interested, that persons liable to conscription have the right to volunteer in any company in regular service of the Confederate States before enrollment. After enrollment they must come to camp, where they will be assigned to commands of their choice as far as practicable. All persons, therefore, desiring to volunteer; must do so before the 20th of August, (the day of enrollment.) Transportation will be furnished at this office.

After enrollment substitutes cannot be accepted under any circumstances except at this office. The principal is required to appear in person with the substitute. Substitutes under 18 or over 50 will not be accepted. Certificate of good moral character is required before the substitute will be taken.

This call is made by the President from absolute necessity to meet the increased force of the enemy; to strengthen and support our gallant and veteran army; to protect and defend our homes and firesides, and drive the invader from our soil. Our veteran troops require the assistance of every man who can shoulder a musket or draw a sword. The Commandant, therefore, earnestly hopes that this call will be responded to promptly, cheerfully and with our unwavering determination to swell the list of our glorious and gallant dead, if necessary, for our freedom and independence.

The Commandant takes pleasure again in acknowledging the efficient aid rendered him by the State Officers, and exhorts them to renewed zeal in supplying the necessities of the army.

By order of Col. PETER MALLETT,
Com'dt of Conscripts for N. C.
J. W. MALLETT, Adjutant. July 24-2w

NOTICE.

CAMP HOLMES, July 22, 1863.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS WHO HAVE BEEN FURloughed and ordered to report at this Camp will find an ambulance at the depot in Raleigh every day at 1 o'clock, P. M. R. B. BAKER,
July 24-2w Surgeon in Charge.

REWARDS.

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THIS PLACE ON THE 12TH inst a nero boy JORDAN. He is about 5 foot 10 or 12 inches high—very black, and has lost his front teeth. He went through Chatham Co. and is possibly trying to get into the Yankee lines. I will give the above reward for his apprehension and confinement in jail.

S. G. WORTH,
July 23-2w* Ashboro, N. C.

LACK & FARRISS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WE WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT WE have on hand and are constantly receiving an assortment of

CITIZENS' AND MILITARY CLOTHING.

The business will be carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. C. M. FARRISS, and satisfaction guaranteed to our patrons. An experienced hand will go to the Camps to take measures for uniforms when ordered.

G. A. LACK.....C. M. FARRISS.
April 7-tf

COAL FIELDS.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company, will be held in my office in Greensborough on Thursday the 23d day of July, 1863. A full and prompt attendance of all the shareholders, in person or by proxy, is earnestly solicited.

July 21-2w JOHN A. GILMER, *President.*

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF MORE THAN FORTY years, the undersigned does not flatter himself, but is flattered by his customers, and will receive and sell at Auction, or on Commission, everything entrusted to his care.

FRANK I. WILSON,
May 14-tf Auctioneer
Standard copy

ESTRAYED.

FROM THE STATE STABLES, IN THIS CITY, ON the 4th instant, two MARE MULES, one bay and one black. The black one has a scar on the hip. Twenty dollars reward will be paid for their return to

THOS. D. HOGG,
June 8-tf Captain and Acting Q. M

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. We give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, CAPT. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25-6m

NORTH STATE CIGAR FACTORY.

H. J. B. CLARK, PROPRIETOR,
GRAHAM, N. C.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND CIGARS, SOME very fine.

Twenty-five thousand lbs. celebrated "Stonewall" Smoking Tobacco; in lots to suit purchasers.

Orders solicited and catisfaction guaranteed.

July 25-3m.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1863.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The following are our only terms of subscription for the PROGRESS:

Daily Progress	One year - - -	$10 00
" "	Six months - -	6 00
" "	Three months -	4 00
" "	Two months -	3 00
" "	One month - -	1 50

The paper will be stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires, and those who do not wish to be without the paper must look to this and renew in time.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at $5 per hundred copies.

We publish nothing but a Daily Edition and enter none but daily subscribers on our mail books.

☞ **How to send us Money.**--To avoid all risk in sending money for subscription by mail, we have made arrangements with the Southern Express Company, by which all money can be sent for subscription to the PROGRESS at our risk and expense. Subscribers will enclose the amount to be sent in an envelope directed to the DAILY PROGRESS, and seal with wax, writing their name and Post Office, and the amount sent on the outside. Deliver the same to any Agent of the Southern Express Company, and take his receipt. Send a letter to us by mail, advising us of the date when sent.

☞ **To Advertisers.**—No contracts will be made for advertising outside of our published terms, and parties wishing to advertise in the PROGRESS should send their advertisements directly to us instead of requesting us to copy from other papers, some of which we never see. All advertisements hereafter inserted will be charged according to revised terms at head of paper. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

☞ **Rags! Rags! Rags!**—The highest cash price will be paid at the PROGRESS OFFICE for all kinds of clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities.

☞ **Any of our friends receiving important** news from the army by private letter or telegrams, will confer a great favor on us by sending or leaving them at this office for our use.

The War.

The inhuman butchery going on between the Northern and Southern sections of this country increases daily in ferocity and barbarity. Recently we took some Yankee officers who were in command of negroes, and of course refused to exchaig them because so taken. The Confederate Government has made threats to shoot or hang all negroes taken in arms, and also to execute all white officers taken in command of colored troops, and we think such a course should have been pursued, but our rulers have thought otherwise. But because we refuse to exchange officers taken in command of negro troops the Federal Government has notified our commissioner for the exchange of prisoners that no more prisoners of any kind will be exchanged, and so the matter stands. Exchange of prisoners has stopped, the enemy have notified us that all troops that fight under the Federal flag, of whatever color, will be protected and the *black flag* with all its hideousness is virtually up, God only knows what is to become of the weak and helpless of this once favored land.

Our entire army has crossed to the east side of the Blue Ridge and Meade is in close pursuit. There was an engagement at Manassas gap, between a Georgia brigade and the enemy, in which we were worsted, with a loss of two or three hundred in killed and wounded. Col. Walker, who commanded the brigade in the action has arrived at Richmond, wounded, and reports that Grant has joined Meade with fifteen thousand men. Of course the enemy are pressing forward for Richmond, and we may expect that General Lee will continue to fall back until he selects his ground in the vicinity of Richmond, where the next great battle must soon be fought. No doubt we shall have to fight against great odds, in numbers, but we must not expect or look for defeat in Virginia. Gen. Lee should be at once strengthened by every man that it is possible to send forward, for if he is defeated in front of Richmond all other disasters and reverses that we have encountered will sink into insignificance before it. He must not be defeated.

Morgan, when last heard from, was tearing up railroads in Ohio, a very pleasing and profitable amusement to the gallant partizan chieftain. The Ohio river was still between him and his friends but we hardly think they will get him.

There is no change in the condition of affairs in Mississippi. Large numbers of troops were leaving Vicksburg for the North, to reinforce Meade no doubt.

The advance on Weldon is assuming a rather serious aspect. The enemy are said to be moving on that place in two columns. On Monday night they occupied Murfreesboro and on Tuesday they were at Jackson. We have seen a gentleman connected with the service who came through from Richmond on Tuesday night, and he says that they were reported within six or seven miles of Weldon on Tuesday evening. Gen. M. W. Ransom had left with a force to meet them, and it was thought he had engaged them but in what numbers or with what result was not known. The main body of the enemy, it is said, advanced from Norfolk, through Gates county, and a gentleman from Gates says the column was three hours in passing his house. We hope to hear more before going to press.

At Charleston the siege, for such we consider it, is progressing, and the enemy are strengthening their works on Morris Island, while Monitors and ironclads are being added to their armada in the harbor. We doubt not but this is an earnest and determined attack, and one that the enemy expects to result in the fall of Charleston. We trust they may be foiled.

The enemy are everywhere pressing us, and nothing but a universal conscription will enable us to meet them, and it must be at once resorted to or we must accept the best peace we can get.

Raids in our State have become common, thousands of negroes have been run off, and millions of property destroyed and stolen, and now a heavy force is threatening Weldon, a most important point. Had we have raised the Ten Regiments proposed last winter, as we could and should have done, we should now have a force sufficient to resist all these raids, and protect our people and property. But the cry of "conflict" was raised, faction and party triumphed over patriotism, and the bill was defeated and the State left in a helpless condition; still we endured on and hoped for better times, and when the Presidentcalled on the Governors of the States to raise troops for local defence and it was given out that North Carolina was to organize seven thousand men for service in her own borders, we felt a sense of relief, and accepted the conditions of the President and thanked him for the privilege, but no sooner had the Adjutant General issued his order for the enrollment of these men than a proclamation is issued by the President ordering the enrollment of all men, subject to conscription, from 40 to 45. Here the enrollment of the seven thousand stops and we are still to be left without any State force of our own.

We regret this, but we must yield and give up the men for the common defence, But the Governor of South Carolina refuses to yield to the call of the President and goes on with his enrollment of men from 40 to 45 for State defence. How is this? Is it conflict? Is it disregard of the authority of the government? Or is it that the conscripts from 40 to 45 are to be enrolled nowhere for the Confederate army but in North Carolina? We have furnished more troops than any other State, and we will furnish more, but give us justice and equality. We honestly believe that the enrollment under the Adjutant General's call would have secured more troops and accomplished more for the general good than the regular conscription now ordered, but as soon as the proclamation of the President was issued changing the call, our patriotic Governor withdrew the order for the enrollment for State defence and surrendered the men. But are we to do this while South Carolina retains hers? We are in greater need of men than that State, more of our territory is exposed, and we have furnished more in proportion to population for the common defence. Why is this distinction made? We only want justice and equality, and unless we can get that, we are fighting to but little purpose.—Nor do we hear anything of "conflict" relative to this action of South Carolina. The fact is, it being *South Carolina* makes it all right with those partizans that cried "conflict" here last winter. We want all the States protected, if possible, but we want at the same time that North Carolina should be treated with the same consideration by the general government that other States are.

PRAYER FOR PEACE.—A lady correspondent writes us urging that the ladies of the Methodist Church in this State, meet regularly once a week, at their several Churches, to spend one hour in earnest prayer, for the peace and the prosperity of the country.

We like the proposition. We believe in prayer and we believe in the piety and patriotism of the christian ladies of the State. We propose, however, to amend it, which the mover will doubtless accept; that all the christian ladies of the State, of every denomination, meet at their respective Churches or some other more convenient place daily, if possible, or once or twice a week, to spend one hour in earnest, importunate prayer to Almighty God, to humble our people, to undertake our cause, and give prosperity and a speedy peace to us.

The times call loudly for prayer. We have no confidence in an early termination of this desolating war, that does not come in answer to prayer. Our people must humble themselves before God and make Him their confidence and hope.

The above is from the *N. C. Christian Advocate*, and we hope the noble women of the State and of the whole land, North as well as South—good, pure, virtuous, pious women everywhere—will act upon the suggestion and pray mightily for peace. The masses of the good and pure of every section were opposed to this war before it commenced, and they are opposed to it now, and they want peace; and if conventions could be held, North and South, and commissioners appointed by each, clothed with power to express and carry out the wishes of the great masses of the people, it could be satisfactorily and honorably settled without further bloodshed. Let the noble women of the land cry mightily to the Lord that He will quell the passions of the people, stay the hand of destruction, and arrest the accursed and inhuman slaughter that is going on. There are those—we mean that class who cry "war to the last man and the last dollar," and delight only in blood and slaughter—who will sneer at and mock them; but in the name of suffering humanity and a bleeding country, we implore them to let their earnest, fervent, constant prayers ascend to the Great Captain of the Universe for peace for this people. Pray for the blessings of Heaven upon those who are perilling their lives in our defence—that our fiendish persecutors may be arrested in their wickedness—and above all, pray for a speedy, enduring and honorable peace!

Gallant Wayne!

A portion of the citizens of Wayne county held a meeting at Goldsboro' a few days ago, and determined to enroll every man in the county in an organization for home defence. This is as it should be, and we call upon all other counties in exposed localities to follow the example. Wayne has furnished her full quota of men for the service, and they are now battling for the cause in distant fields, but yet those who are left behind do not fold their arms in inaction.—Their section is menaced and they have organized two or three hundred men from the exempts for local defence, and are ready for emergencies. This is honorable to Wayne and her gallant people, and we tell the other counties along the railroads and near the enemy's lines that unless they desire to be stripped of all their negroes and other property, they must follow the example set them by Wayne, and organize battalions for their own defence.

Can we not organize a battalition of five hundred men from the exempts, detailed men and others in Wake county? The time will come when we shall need them, and we insist that it be done at once.

A BASE ACT.—On Sunday last we received a letter from Louisburg, signed Duncan Aycocke, enclosing the following marriage notice and one dollar to pay for the same:

MARRIED.—In the town of Louisburg, on Tuesday night the 21st inst., by Elder Jesse L. Stegall, Mr. J. CALHOUN AYCOCKE, formerly of 23d Regt. of N. C. Troops, but late of Kinston, N. C., to Miss SALLY ANN MURPHY, daughter of Joseph and Harriet Murphy, all of Louisburg.

Supposing that the marriage had actually taken place, and that the notice was sent by some relative of the bridegroom, we inserted it in Monday's paper, and were astonished on yesterday when Mr. J. C. Aycocke called on us and told us that no such marriage had taken place. The hoax is a base, mean and contemptible act, and was perpetrated by some skulking, cowardly scoundrel, for the purpose of wounding the feelings of the gentleman and lady named. We have given the letter which accompanied the notice to Mr. Aycocke with the promise that if he will find out the perpetrator of the fraud and whip him, we will pay half the expenses for the assault. The sneaking puppy.

CASUALTIES IN NORTH CAROLINA TROOPS.

We continue the publication of the casualties among the N. C. Troops at the battles about Gettysburg:

List of the casualties in the 47th Regiment N. C. Troops in the battles around Gettysburg, Penn., July 1st and 3d, 1863.

July 3—Field and Staff. Wounded—Colonel George H. Faribault, contusion of shoulder, wounded in foot; Lieut Col John A Graves, Major A D Crudup, and Adj't T C Powell, left on the battle field within the enemy's picket lines, and supposed to have been wounded.

Company A—July 1st Killed—Williamson Abernathy, Richard H Dozier, Emmerson Puckett. Wounded—Lieut G W Westry, in groin; Lieut B Dunn, slightly; Sergts J J Barnhill, slightly; G P Westry in arm; Cone, slightly in shoulder and head; Privates Jonathan Crockett, mortally in shoulder; Frank Edwards, in shoulder; Martin Green, in hand. July 3d. Wounded—Lovett Boykin, in breast; Eli Joyner, severely in side; Kinchen Joyner, slightly in both hips; Stephen Lamm, in wrist; Wm Lamm, severely in shoulder; Wm Riley, severely in both thighs; S H Sellers, severely in abdomen. Left on the the battle-field within the enemy's picket lines—1st Sergt J J Partin, Privates Abijah Baines, Josiah Bissett, Neverson Cone, A J Henderson, Gilbert Lewis, J B O'Neil, J A Berry, B J Strickland, T L Strickland, Wren Tisdale.

Co B—July 1st—Killed—Jamison Puckett. Wounded—Sergt A Bryan, leg amputated; Segt J C Pierce, slightly in head; Chesley Perry, since died; Josiah Green, severely in neck; Wm Gay, severely in both legs; J T Stallings, severely in thigh; Abijah Carter, slightly in arm; J T Medlin, slightly in hand; W H Meecam, slightly in thigh; Gideon Phillips, slightly in ankle; R Phillips, slightly in foot.

July 3d—Wounded—Lieut H H Perry, severely in leg. Privates Marion Bunn, severely in cheek; M J Moss, slightly in hand; A Johnson, slightly in thigh; James Pearce, slightly in arm. Left on battle-field within the enemy's picket lines—Lieut S J Evans, Corpl P H Massey; Privates J G Baker, J W Bunn, T W Cheeves, J D Cooke, Lemuel Cooley, Wm W Cone, Dennis Johnson, Marion Moye, S H Tant.

Co C—July 1st—Killed—Sergt E C U Green. Private, Hansel Pool. Wounded—Capt C T Iredell, arm shot off, since dead; Privates W H Stephens, in wrist; Preston Kelly, in face, hand and breast; N N Bunch, slightly in thigh. July 3—Wounded—Lieut M W Norfleet, seriously in groin; Corpl Gaston Utley, mortally. Privates J J Bunch, in leg; J Cates, slightly in head; R Saunders, in arm; B Underwood, slightly in leg. Left on the battle-field within the enemy's picket lines—Lieut G W Whiting, Sergt L W Green, Corpl R R Beddingfield, Privates John Done, Nicholas Gill, J P House, John Johnson, G W Partin, J W Pilkinton, Joe Woodard.

Co D—July 1st—Wounded—Privates Elijah Coggin, mortally; Bolling Milton, mortally; Larkin Hyatt, slightly in hand; Manly High, slightly in leg; J B Dean, slightly. July 3.—Wounded—Corp'l Dielbridge, slightly in head. Privates Hopkins, slightly in arm; Rufus Stone, severely in hip; B F Stone, stunned by shell; Emerson Johnson, severely in bowels; Cornelius Joyner, severely in knee; Spencer D Ricks, slightly in thigh. Left on the battle-field within the enemy's picket lines—Lieut R F Drake, Corpl R Pullen; Privates Manly Wilder, J B Higgins, Calvin Driver, R E Bell, Joel R Bottoms, Berry Lee, Wm J Underwood, Ruffin Ricks, Ramsey Driver, Sergt W H Drake.

Co E—July 1st—Killed—Privates L T Medlin, W A Medlin, James Snead, Wm Wilson, Calvin Raiborn. Wounded—E H Ray, in leg, slightly; Lieut L W Robbins, very slightly in ankle; 1st Sergt W K Hunter, slightly in thigh; Corpl R D Honeycut, severely in breast; Privates John McDade, severely in arm and hip; Jubal Upchurch, severely in hip; Benj Smith, slightly in breast; J H Atkins, slightly, in thigh. July 3d—Wounded—Privates W. S. Cooper, slightly in thigh; James Dew, slightly in foot. Left on the battle-field within the enemy's picket lines—Corpl P M Mangum, Sidney Mayner, W C Medlin, W B Marcom, J H Pew, W H Richardson, Alsey Watkins, John Watkins.

Co F—July 1st—Killed—Privates J P Bragg. Wounded—Sergt T N Haswell, slightly in hand; Privates C H Clifton, arm shot off; Thomas Fuller, slightly in hand; P H Tharington, slightly in arm; R C Warmouth, severely in shoulder. July 3d. Wounded—Corpl C B Freeman, slightly; Privates J M Dickerson, slightly; Jesse Fulgum, mortally; D W Fuller, slightly in arm; John Mitchell, Leonidas Spencer, slightly; Alonzo A Williams, severely in breast. Left on the battle field within the enemy's picket lines—Lieuts J S Joyner, S F Gill, Sergts A Dement, H T Coggin; Corpl J D Alley. Privates N T Biddingfield, Wm Dickerson, Jesse Duke, C W Edwards, Wyatt Harris, Henry Harris, Alexander Holmes, Rufus Holmes, J W Katner, A M Mitchell, W M McCleny, Willis Pearce, Thomas Pruett, J W Sanderson.

Co G—July 1st. Killed—Private William Bowden.—Wounded—Lt Geo D Tunstall, in thigh seriously but not dangerously; sgts L Turner, in breast slightly, E J Jackson, abdomen slightly; corpls E A Nutall, leg seriously but not dangerously, J A May, slightly, W H Burge, thigh and foot painfully but not dangerously; privs G J Thompson, neck dangerously, S D Weaver, breast and stomach, since dead, B F Askew, both arms, not dangerously, S F Dement, scalp not seriously, Willie Hubbard, arm broken, Josiah Phillips, flesh wound in thigh, Sam Hays, flesh wound in thigh, A C Green, thigh slightly, Thomas O'Marar, thigh slightly, D C Tunstall, shoulder slightly, J W Bradford, shoulder slightly, Thomas Pulley, thigh slightly, Washington Dorsey, wrist slightly, S T Nance, side slightly, Calvin Long, thigh and leg seriously, not dangerously, W D Jones, leg painfully not dangerously. July 3d. Wounded—Lt Geo Williamson, in head dangerously; privates W D Spain, face dangerously, A A Hunt, ankle seriously, H Pleasants, scalp slightly. Left on the battle-field beyond the enemy's picket lines—Capt J J Davis; sgts J Y Moss, L Turner, G W Horner; privs P S Bobbitt, L Dickerson, W A Stone, Erwin Wilder, James Wyche, B F Weaver, A Overton, W H Smith, G M Hicks, Thomas O'Mara, E Fowler, Jasper Darham, Thomas Carr, W H Tharington, H Benton, Wm Batchelor, A McBurth, Richard Pearson.

Co H—July 1st. Killed—Private Ivey Jinks. Wounded—Lieut J T Womble, slightly in leg; sgts W H Ivey, slightly in hand, J H Wells, severely in side; privs Jos Hancock, slightly in foot, Hilliard Olive, severely in shoulder and face, P B Sears, severely in shoulder. July 3rd. Wounded—Corpl Joseph Page, slightly arm and head; privs Henry Page, slightly hand, Thos Upchurch, thigh. Left on the battle-field beyond the enemy's picket line—Lt J D Newson; 1st Sergt J T Andrews, Sergt H H Knight: Corpl J B Upchurch; Privs Willie Shamblee, F M Certain, M B Crocker, Jacob Freeze, J R Johnson, Eli King, Leroy King, S T Lee, Jefferson Wills, Willie Pegett.

Co I—July 1st. Killed—R Y Hall. Wounded—Corpl W Bevers, severely in arm, J Blake, arm broken, T M Williams, severely in back; G A Boyette, slightly in hand, S Woods, slightly in back, J Scott, slightly, W R Alman, slightly in thigh, B Broughton, arm shot off.—July 3d. Wounded—Lts J W Jones, slightly in leg, J R Rogers, slightly in leg; Sergt A H Harris, slightly in leg; Privates W C Brown, through the shoulder, — McRae George, arm and bowels, mortally, Wright Rigsby, slightly in foot. Missing—Sergts J Hicks, J T Driver; Corpl W H Shepard; Privates T Coss, W Morris, A Marshall, Calvin Cope, J M Lee, Jno Carpenter, W R Daniel, J Hobson, J Harris, W O'Neil, J Boyett, J H Wood, G Rochael, J H Blake, J A Smith, A W Fletcher, Jas Medlin, B M Mimms.

Co K—July 1st. Killed—Sergt G R Garrison; Privs T J Brannock, L M Patten, J H P Summers, J J Underwood. Wounded—Capt R H Faucett, slightly in thigh; Privates Anthony Tostis, slightly, Henry Garinger, severely in leg and thigh, J D Gilliam, shoulder severely, J W Gillam, slightly in thigh, W S Kerndale, slightly, Jas M Kendale, severely, in arm, Madison Lery, arm amputated, Setas Watkins, leg slightly, Wm Maitkins, E B Tickle, dangerously in head, shoulder and arm, Simon Tickle, painfully in head and thigh. July 3d. Wounded—Privs Wm Isley, flesh wound in both legs, E G Sharp, hand, slightly, J R Tickle, arm and leg lightly. Missing—Lt J H Watson; 1st Sgt J M Gilliam, Sergt A G Love; Corpl J M Garrison; Privates Henry Dunley, Geo Parker, Jas McCauly, W J Wiece, M R Sharpe, A T Tickle, G R Tickle, R A Weedon, Edward Ross, David Ross.

Aggregate Officers—Killed, 1; wounded, 12. Enlisted men—Killed, 20; wounded 127. Missing—Officers, 8; men, 148. Total 316. The missing are mostly killed or wounded, and left in the enemy's lines on the 3d day.

LIST OF KILLED, WOUNDED AND MISSING.

In the Forty-Third Regiment, N. C. Troops, Daniel's Brigade, Rodes' Division, which occurred during the engagements of the 1st, 2d and 3d days of July, 1863, at Gettysburg, Pa.:

Field and Staff—None killed. Wounded—Colonel T S Kenan.

Co A, Capt Kenan Commanding—Killed, privates Jno J Outlaw, James J Padget, Wm S Sharpless, Isaac Bennett. Wounded—Capt James G Kenan, wounded in thigh; 1st Lieut Robt B Carr, in foot by shell; Sergt Jos J Carr, in face, slight; Sergt Francis J Simmons, in arm by shell; Corpl John W Brown, in mouth; Corpl James O Carr, in side, slightly; prvts Wm Blalock, in leg; Wm Brinson, in arm; James D Brown, in leg; R W Bryant, in thigh; Thos Caffrey, in thigh; George Cooper, in face; John W Farrior, in thigh, Wm Futral, in hand; George W Jones, in head; H Kornegay, in thigh; Kedar L Matthis, in leg; James D Maxwell, in head; Wm A Padget, in forehead; David R Powell, in thigh; Wm P Rogers, in breast; Amos W Simmons, in hand; Chancy Smith, in arm, Jas B Turner, in leg; Bland Wallace, in arm; Jesse E Westbrook, in arm; William Whaley, in shoulder. Total—killed 4, wounded 27.

Co B, Capt Waring commanding. Killed—Private Wm L Cockrate. Wounded—1st Lt Henry Kingstaff severely; 2d Lieut Julius J Alexander, in knee; Srgt Jno M Alexander; in shoulder; Privates Jno Belk, in arm; N W Broom, in hip; Levi J Fincher, in hip; Allen Dees, in leg; Geo Z Sykes, in Breast; Rykeel Steele, in leg. Total—killed 1, wounded 9.

Co C, Capt Barnes commanding. Killed—Privates Jno Parish, Guilford Ricks, Aretour M Davis. Wounded—Corpl Jas L Privet, in hand; Private Theophilus Barnes, in shoulder; Calvin Kenfred, mortally wounded; Larry Bass, in hand; George A Bryant, in hip; R D Farmer, in arm, J B Farrell, in shoulder; Elias Lamb, Sr., in leg; Jessee Lucas, in hand; William Robbins, in head; Morrison Tomlinson, in head; Perry Goodwin, in shoulder; Thomas Rose, in arm; Henderson Davis, in shoulder.—Total—killed 3, wsunded 14.

Co D, Capt Whitaker commanding. Killed—Wm Carlisle, John R Gammors. Wounded—1st Lieut Thos W Baker, in arm; Sergt A A White, in leg; Private W S White, head, mortally wounded; B M Bradley, in shoulder; J F Arnett, in shoulder; Wm A Thomason, in ankle. Total—killed 2, wounded 6.

Co E, Lieut Alexander commanding. None killed—Wounded—Privates John Calhoun, in arm; Wm Sumlin, in ankle; Corpl E W Edwards, in leg; Privates John T Wells, in leg; Horatio Ballock, in ankle; David Hill, in leg; John F Talbot, in hand; James R Long, in legs. Total—wounded 8.

Co F, Capt Ousby commanding. Killed—Capt W C Ousby, sergt R V Merritt, Privates A L Bell, W C Jenkins, Nathan Shearly, J R Hawkins. Wounded—Corpl W H Savage, in hip; Privates B D Bell, in hip; J H Drew, in shoulder; G G Gay, mortally wounded; R H Harper, in hip; T R Morris, in thigh; E G L Merritt, in hip; J G Nanny, in head; J H Wood, in shoulder; Wm Adams, in head; W L Lowe, in leg; 2d Lieutenant J A Macon, in bead; Private J E Moore, in shoulder. Total—killed 6, wounded 13.

Co G, Capt Coleman commanding. Killed none. Wounded—George A Paschall, in hand; George J Hendrick, in leg; James H Ball, in side, John W Feltz, in chest; Anthony D Stallings, in head, severely; James Saintsing, in hip; Michael H Williams, missing. Total—wounded 6, missing 1.

Co H, Capt Beverly commanding. Killed—Sergt S Thos Sikes, Private Wm D Jordan, 2d Lieut W W Boggan Wounded—1st Lieut Benj Moor, in leg; Sergt Alexander Hamilton, in face, Privates Wm J Smith, in hip and foot; Lemuel W Capel, in leg; Wesley Jones, in side; Wm B Horne, in knee; Moses R Kandall, in hand; Levi L Treadaway, in breast; John T Treadaway, in foot; Jas A Treadaway, in leg; Elisha Pastre, in foot; Wm G Douglass, in leg; Hugh N Ingram, in leg; Jesse Russery, in hip; John Carrington, in side; William Harrington, in hip; George F Ponds, in side. Total—Killed 3, wounded 18.

Co I, Capt Hall commanding. Killed—Corpl James Briley. Wounded—2d Lieut L L Polk, in leg; corpl Gulledge, in arm; Privates W M Allen, in forehead, E V Dobbs in foot; Wm M Liles, in jaw and back; A M Quagge, in foot; John Sanders, in shoulder; John a West, in head; Sergt W K Curtis, in arm; Sergt Wm Eason, in arm; Corpl Stephen H Gaddy, shoulder; Private Sidney Dean, in arm. Total—Killed 1, wounded 11.

Co K, Capt Stwidivant commanding. Killed—Private Duncan Woodberne. Wounded—1st Lieut Henry E Shepherd, in leg; 2d Lieut Francis E Flake, contussion from shell, Sergt Thos J Candle, in leg; Sergt John H Stwidivant, in foot; Privates James H Bass, in foot; George S Boswell, in face; James T Beacham, in thigh; Wm J Candle, in face; Lewis Greggs, in arm; Jas M Hasty, contusion; Miles T Russ, in leg; Richard R Smothers, in face; Isaac Swanner, in face; Wm Vaughan, in thigh; Theodore White, contussion. Total—killed 1, wounded, 15.

Grand Total killed	21
" " wounded,	129
" " missing	2

WM. G. LEWIS,
Lieut. Col. Comd's 43d.

DRURY LACY, JR., Adjutant.

Raleigh State Journal, Tarboro' Southerner and Wades boro' Argus, please copy.

From the Charleston Courier.]

THIRTY-FIRST REGIMENT N. C. TROOPS.

HEADQUARTERS 31st REGIMENT, N. C. T.
Sullivan's Island, July 23, 1863.

Editors Courier:—Enclosed I send you a list of casualties in this regiment, at the affair on James Island, July 16th, and the bombardment and assault of Battery Wagner, July 18th. From the enclosed list it would appear that there was no derelection of duty on the part of either officers or men of this regiment. Their list of casualties is as large or larger, in proporiion to their number, as that of any command engaged. There being not more than 350 men in the regiment at that time, and out of that number two hole companies were detached at battery Gregg at the time of the assault.

Casualties on James' Island, July 16, 1863.

Co. C—Killed—Private W A Johnson. Wounded—Privates E A Lee, and Jas Gowor, slightly.

Co I—Wounded—Corporal Jos Stewart and Private W T Messser, slightly.

Co K—Wounded—Private Freeman Willis, mortally; since dead.

Casualties on Morris' Island, in Bastery Wagner, July 18th, 1863.

Co A—Wounded—Private Kinlow, mortally, since dead; Sergt. Lewis, slightly; Privates Thos. Jones, A. H. Scaley and J L Thompson, slightly.

Co B—Killed—Privates Sidney Parker and B B Harris. Wounded—Privates Soloman Allen, severely; J D Johnson and Jonathan Dees, slightly.

Co C—Killed—Private Wm Matthews.—Wounded—Privates Alex Hogers, severely; A Sexton, R Ellen, A Q Wood and A Wood, slightly.

Co D—Wounded—Private W R Bryan, mortally, since dead; Sergt S J Mitchiner, slightly.

Co E—Wounded—Sergt Pope, Privates D N Wilkinson, and John Faulkner, slightly. Missing—Private Dewain Garret.

Co F—Killed—Corporal W E Harrell (flag bearer). Wounded—Sergt S S Perry.

Co G—Wounded—Privates Andrew Lawrence, dangerously (feared mortal); J A Grant and E D Sanford, slightly.

Co H—Killed—Private Jesse Allen. Wounded—Privates R B Keith and W A Mooningham, slightly.

Co I—Killed private Neill H Gasking. Wounded—Capt A B Parker, mortally, since dead; Sergt J McAllister, severely, Private Isaac Melvin, and Sergt John Gregory, slightly.

Co K—Killed—Private Z Smith. Wounded—Privates M Carrther, dangerously, feared mortal; H Mitchell and A Wiggins, severely.

(Official.)
E. K. BRYAN,
Adjutant 31st Regiment N. C. T.

P. S.—"Pessone" states in a late communication to your paper, that "a part of this regiment was in reserve." This is a great mistake. The parapet was manned by every company of this regiment; except the two companies alluded to before, who were detained at Battery Gregg. Please do the regiment the justice to correct the error.
E. K. BRYAN, Adjutant 31st N. C. T.

From the Appeal.]

CAN SUCH THINGS BE?

The telegraph yesterday informed us that the Mississippi troops, in large numbers, were deserting the army of Gen. Johnston. We felt disinclined to yield full credence to this report, though it had received the sanction and approval of the military authorities before its transmission over the wires; and we yet indulge the hope that subsequent intelligence may very materially modify the unfavorable impressions it is calculated to produce abroad. We presume that Mississippi, like most of the other States of the Confederacy, has her proportion of timorous and cowardly traitors, who are ready to yield to the domination of the dastardly foe at the first approach of danger to their homesteads and hearthstones, and if any such disaffection has been produced among her troops in the field, we doubt not the evil seed has been sown by this olass of her population.

That such a class does exist in the State, composed both of the wealthiest and poorest portions of the community, there can be no doubt. The wealthy hope, by making obeisance to the conquering Yankees, to secure their property and be protected in the peaceable enjoyment of their farms and broad acres, while the poorer classes naturally feel a disinclination to sacrifice the comforts of home, and risk their lives and health in the defense of such pampered paltroons. Such a state of feeling is greatly to be deprecated, and we regret especially to see it prevailing in Mississippi, which is the home of the President, and whose very name is synonymous with chivalry itself. Bearing upon this point, the Mobile *Register*, of the 23d, has a very pungent and forcible article, which it were well for the weak-kneed in every Southern State to consider and reflect upon. It says:

We have just seen a letter from pretty high up the Mobile and Ohio road, which says there are some who have become very weak in the faith since the fall of Vicksburg opened the prospect that that part of Mississippi would be overrun by the Yankees. They are therefore whining for peace and reconstruction.—Without knowing who these people are, we venture to say they are a class of men who were "before breakfast" and "die-in-the-last-ditch" patriots before the war began, and who have done little or nothing in personal service or contributions to the cause since the fighting began. Ninety-nine to one that they are men who have property to lose, and who vainly fancy that they can save it by getting down upon their knees to the Black Republican Government.

Of one thing we are positively certain, that no man with a soul in his body, who has once had that soul penetrated and aroused by the unrivaled grandeur of this struggle, who has once had his love of country touched, and his indignant hatred of wrong and oppression kindled by the airocities of our enemies, can ever dream of laying down his arms and crying "peace" until the last Yankee enemy has been driven from the soil. We have no patience to write of such miserable poltroons. What! yield this great prize for which torrents of our most precious blood have been shed, because your farms and stocks are in danger? Did Virginia yield when her fairest and richest valleys were ravaged, her people turned out houseless, and her fields blackened and desolated by the torch and tread of the invader? Have not Lonisiana and her great commercial city, New Orleans, been a year under the heel of the conqueror, and do not the fires of patriotic resistance and vengeance still burn in the bosoms of her sons and daughters? Are you better than they? Can not you suffer and endure in a holy cause as well as they? Shame on your craven weakness! and greater shame on the imbecile stupidity that supposes that by sacrificing your character and your country, you may save your vile trash, called property. Fools! If the Abolition armies triumph, you may pile up your oaths as high St. Peter's dome, you may, patriotically, damn yourselves to the profoundest depths of infamy and steep your souls in the turpitude of a vile adjurator of your country and her sacred cause, and you will yet not save your property.

The very Yankees will despise your baseness, and will begin the work of plunder with your lands and goods. Of all the stark mad fools and empty headed idiots that we can conceive of on this earth, the Southern submissionists and reconstructionist, at this stage of the game, is the biggest, the starkest and the emptiest. It is the prey proposing a re-alliance with the raving wolf; it is submission of all you possess to be gobbled up by the invader, for this is the phylosophy and programme of the war—to seize and confiscate the property of the South to save the North from remediless bankruptcy and ruin. It is an evil thing to be stripped of one's possessions, earned by years of anxious care and toil. But is the sting lightened by casting your pride of manhood, your personal honor and your character, as a citizen, upon the sacrificial pile? Let us lose and suffer and die, if need be worthy of the great name which the valor of our sons has made famous wherever the word "Confederate" is pronounced throughout the world. In the Old World, English admiration for our heroic struggle is manifesting itself in a magnificent subscription to erect a monument to Stonewall Jackson, as the type and representative of a brave nation and a noble cause. Shall it be said that the nation for which Jackson fought and died has produced one wretch who would trample on his bloody grave and set at naught his great works, by basely humbling himself at the footstool of the invader? We think we hear the voice of Henry echoing from his revolutionary grave, "Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what others may think, but, as for me, give me liberty, or give me death!"

DIED,

At Hailbrun, near Pittsborough, on Wednesday evening, 22d instant, SALLIE CATHARINE HILL, third daughter of Thomas and Eliza Hill, in the 22d year of her age.

The shock to the admiring circle of her intimate friends and the irreparable loss to the now desolate home of her surviving relatives, none can know who had not the happiness of social intercourse with this most inestimable young lady. Gifted with the highest order of intellect, carefully and elegantly cultivated, and enriched with the treasures of earth's greatest minds; and yet combined with a modesty so retiring, as to make her shrink from the least approach of display, few possessed in a higher degree, the ability to impart to society its most refined pleasure. Unselfish in every thought, word and deed, she fell a martyr to her devotion in administering to the comforts of her dependents, suffering under a most malignant Typhoid Fever.

——"Death should come
Gently to one of gentle mould like thee,
As light winds, wandering through groves of bloom
Detach the delicate blossoms from the tree."

W.

Near Hagerstown, Md., on the 11th July from a wound received in battle, CHARLES S. HARWARD, aged 21 years. Deceased was a member of Manly's N. C. Battery, and was a native of Raleigh, and a printer by profession. He was a young man possessed of many excellent qualities, and who, had he been spared to pass through the ordeal of war, might have become a useful citizen. But responding to his country's call, he offered up his life in her defence, with his face to the enemy. Poor Charley, he now quietly sleeps in the Catholic burying ground, near Hagerstown, on the North bank of the Potomac. Peace to his ashes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Enrolling Office and Examining Board.
7TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,
Ashboro, N. C., July 28, 1863.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS No. 14, Conscript Office, Camp Holmes, N. C., notice is hereby given that the Enrolling Officers and Examining Board will visit the counties comprising the 7th Congressional District at the following times and places:

80th Reg't N C Militia, Anson county, at Wadesboro', August 20th.
81st Reg't N C Militia, Anson county, at Wadesboro', August 21st and 22d.
83d Reg't N C Militia, Stanly county, at Albemarle, August 24th and 25th.
62d Reg't N C Militia, Montgomery county, at Troy, August 27th and 28th.
51st Reg't N C Militia, Moore county, at Carthage, August 31st and September 1st and 2d.
49th Reg't N C Militia, Chatham county, at Pittsboro', September 4th and 5th.
50th Reg't N C Militia, Chatham county, at Pittsboro', September 7th, 8th and 9th.
63d Reg't N C Militia, Randolph county, at Ashboro', September 11th and 12th.
64th Reg't N C Militia, Randolph county, at Ashboro', September 14th and 15th.
65th Reg't N C Militia, Davidson county, at Lexington, September 17th and 18th.
66th Reg't N C Militia, Davidson county, at Lexington, September 19th, 21st and 22d.

The Colonels of Militia Regiments in this District will see that the following persons are present at the time and places above specified:

All persons arriving at the age of 18 since the last enrollment; all persons between the ages of 18 and 40 years who may be specially ordered before the Board or Enrolling officer; each and every person between the ages of 40 and 45 years, whether previously exempted or not, and all substitutes discharged from the service.

All persons who fail to report (included in the above order) at the places of rendezvous at the time appointed will be considered as deserters.

J. M. LITTLE,
1st Lt and Enrolling Officer 7th Cong Dist.
PETER G. SNOWDEN,
Surg and Chairman Examining Board.

July 30-4t

Raleigh Standard, Fayetteville Observer, Greensboro' Patriot and Wadesboro Argus will please copy four times and send bill to Progress.

SPUN COTTON EXCHANGED FOR LARD.

WE WILL EXCHANGE COTTON YARNS AT OUR OIL AND SOAP FACTORY, in Fayetteville, as follows: 1 bunch of Yarns, No. 5, 6, 7 and 8, (averaging,) for 10 pounds of Lard each; 1 bunch, No. 9, for 11 pounds of Lard, and 1 do., No. 10, for 12 pounds. We will exchange upon these terms for one half of any amount of Lard, paying cash at full wholesale prices for the other half; or we will give one bunch of Spun Cotton, from No. 5 to 10, for 12 pounds of Lard.

A. McLAUCHLIN & CO.

A pure article of LARD OIL for sale at our Factory.
July 3-1m* A. McL. & CO.

TO HIRE.

FOR THE BALANCE OF THE YEAR, A STRONG, HEALTHY NEGRO WOMAN. APPLY at
July 22-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

NURSE WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A SMALL GIRL FOR hire, suitable for a nurse, will please make it known at Progress Office. July 21-tf